## 9 A letter of complaint

## READING

- 1 Read the letter of complaint. What is the writer complaining about?
- a a delivery has been lost in the post
- b there has been a mistake with a delivery
- c a delivery is taking a long time to arrive
  - (1) Dear Sir/Madam,
  - (2) I am writing to complain about your online delivery service which (3) has failed to deliver three books and two DVDs I ordered two months ago (on April 14).

Last week I sent an email to your online customer service department and (4) I was informed that the order would arrive in three weeks. However, (5) I am afraid this is totally unacceptable. I am particularly disappointed because the books were supposed to be a birthday present for my husband and although I ordered them well in advance, they will not arrive in time for his birthday.

- (6) To resolve the problem I would like (7) a full and immediate refund. The purchase number is JB607 8932. If I do not hear from you within the next five days, (8) I shall be forced to contact my solicitor. (9) Please contact me by email or by phone on 01296 54327.
- (10) I look forward to hearing from you and to a quick resolution of this problem.
- (11) Yours faithfully,

## LANGUAGE FOCUS

- **1** Match the information 1–4 to the descriptions a–d.
- 1 Sarah Philips
- a date
- 2 Attn: Customer Care Manager
- b writer's address
- 3 34, Old Kent Rd, Canterbury, CN5 4SL
- c writer's name
- 4 June 15 2006
- d title of the person you're writing to
- 2 In which paragraph (1-3) does the writer ...
- a explain the problem?
- b say what she wants the company to do? \_\_\_
- c explain why she's writing? \_\_
- d say what she'll do if the problem is not solved? \_\_\_

- **3** Write the number of the formal phrases in italics in the letter next to the informal equivalents below.
- a to sort things out <u>6</u>
- b it isn't good enough \_\_\_\_
- c I'm not happy about \_\_\_\_
- d they told me that \_\_\_\_
- e All the best
- f still hasn't sent me \_\_\_
- g Hi there \_\_\_
- h I hope to hear from you soon \_\_\_
- i you can get in touch with me \_\_\_\_
- j my money back now \_\_\_\_
- k I'm going to have to \_\_\_\_
- 4 Read the information in the box.

We use *although* and *however* to contrast two pieces of information.

We use *although* to join the two pieces of information in one sentence.

Although I ordered them in advance, they will not arrive in time.

We use *however* to show the connection between two sentences.

I was informed that the order would arrive in three weeks. **However**, I am afraid this is totally unacceptable.

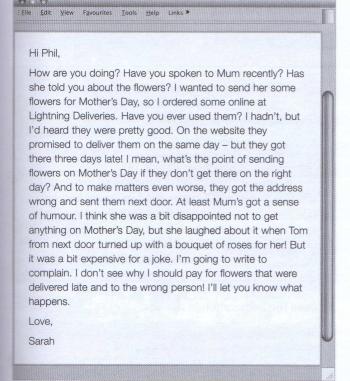
When we use *however* at the beginning of a sentence, it is always followed by a comma.

- 5 Delete the three sentences that are grammatically incorrect.
- 1 Although I placed my order two months ago, it has still not arrived.
- 2 However I placed my order two months ago, it has still not arrived.
- 3 I placed my order two months ago, however it has still not arrived.
- 4 I placed my order two months ago. However, it has still not arrived.
- 5 I placed my order two months ago. It has still not arrived, however.
- 6 My order has still not arrived. Although, I placed it two months ago.

- **6** Connect the pairs of sentences using the word in brackets.
- 1 They guarantee same-day delivery. The flowers arrived three days late. (although)
- 2 The flowers finally arrived. They were sent to the wrong address. (*however*)
- 3 Mum was very disappointed. She saw the funny side of it. (although)
- 4 I had never used the company before. Friends had told me that they were very good. (*however*)

## WRITING

- 1 Read the email below. What is the problem?
- 1 They delivered the wrong flowers.
- 2 They delivered the flowers to the wrong address.
- 3 They delivered the flowers on the wrong day to the wrong address.



2 You are Sarah. You are going to write a letter of complaint to Lightning Deliveries. Look at the email in exercise 1 again and make notes about what you're going to say in the paragraph plan below.

1		why you are writing
2	2	what exactly happened
3		what you want the company to do and what will happen if the problem is not solved

- **3** Write the letter. Remember to include your address, the title of the person you're writing to and the date.
- 4 Look at what you have written. Can you improve it in any way? Use the points below to help you.
- 1 Have you used appropriate expressions to open and close the letter?
- 2 Is your letter formal enough?
- Have you used linking expressions to show the connection between what you expected and what actually happened?
- 4 Check your spelling and your use of punctuation and capital letters.

NB We do not use contractions in formal language.